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1. Introduction
The ADT681 is designed to offer a truly compact, cost effective digital pressure gauge to cover a wide range of applications. Along with its pressure measuring functions, it can be used as a calibration standard for calibration of standard pressure gauges, precision pressure gauges, industry pressure gauges, blood pressure meters and other pressure instruments.

The ADT681 digital pressure gauge uses a 9V battery (ANSI/NEDA 1604A or IEC 6LR61) or a special DC9V adapter power supply.

The ADT681 digital pressure gauge is electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) tested to be used in a variety of electromagnetic environments. In addition, it is certified by European CE standard.

The ADT681 digital pressure gauge has two types: the standard type and the intrinsically safe type (ADT681|S). The ADT681|S includes the following intrinsic safety approvals:

- **Ex ia IIC T4 Ga**
  - Permitted for zone 0, Equipment Group II, Gas Group IIC hazardous atmospheres, temperature class T4
  - This product conforms to the following standards: • EN 60079–0:2009 • EN 60079–11:2007

- **Ex ia IIC T4**
  - Class I, Zone 0, DIV1
  - Groups A, B, C and D
  - Ta= −10°C to + 50 °C

The Additel 681 has the optional data logging function.
# 2. Specifications

## Pressure ranges

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P/N</th>
<th>Pressure Range (psi)</th>
<th>Pressure Range (bar)</th>
<th>Media</th>
<th>Accuracy (%FS)</th>
<th>Burst Pressure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V15</td>
<td>-15</td>
<td>-1</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.16</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP15</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP600</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP1K</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP2K</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>140</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP3K</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP5K</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP10K</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>700</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>2X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP15K</td>
<td>15,000</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>2X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP20K</td>
<td>20,000</td>
<td>1,400</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>1.5X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP25K</td>
<td>25,000</td>
<td>1,600</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>1.5X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP30K</td>
<td>30,000</td>
<td>2,000</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>1.5X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP36K</td>
<td>36,000</td>
<td>2,500</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>1.5X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GP40K</td>
<td>40,000</td>
<td>2,800</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>1.1X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Compound Pressure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P/N</th>
<th>Pressure Range (psi)</th>
<th>Pressure Range (bar)</th>
<th>Media</th>
<th>Accuracy (%FS)</th>
<th>Burst Pressure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CP2</td>
<td>±2</td>
<td>±0.16</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP5</td>
<td>±5</td>
<td>±0.35</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP10</td>
<td>±10</td>
<td>±0.7</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP15</td>
<td>±15</td>
<td>±1</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP30</td>
<td>–15 to 30</td>
<td>–1 to 2</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP100</td>
<td>–15 to 100</td>
<td>–1 to 7</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP300</td>
<td>–15 to 300</td>
<td>–1 to 20</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05, 0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Absolute Pressure

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>P/N</th>
<th>Pressure Range (psi)</th>
<th>Pressure Range (bar)</th>
<th>Media</th>
<th>Accuracy (%FS)</th>
<th>Burst Pressure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP10</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP15</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP50</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.1 (0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP100</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>7.0</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP300</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP500</td>
<td>500</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP1K</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP3K</td>
<td>3,000</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP5K</td>
<td>5,000</td>
<td>350</td>
<td>G, L</td>
<td>0.05 (0.1, 0.2)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P/N</td>
<td>Pressure Range (inH₂O)</td>
<td>Pressure Range (mbar)</td>
<td>Media</td>
<td>Accuracy (%FS)</td>
<td>Burst Pressure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>-------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>---------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP1</td>
<td>± 1</td>
<td>± 2.5</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05*(3)</td>
<td>100X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP2</td>
<td>± 2</td>
<td>± 5.0</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05*(3)</td>
<td>100X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP5</td>
<td>± 5</td>
<td>± 10</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>50X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP10</td>
<td>± 10</td>
<td>± 25</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>20X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP20</td>
<td>± 20</td>
<td>± 50</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>20X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP30</td>
<td>± 30</td>
<td>± 75</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>20X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP50</td>
<td>± 50</td>
<td>± 160</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.05</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP150</td>
<td>± 150</td>
<td>± 350</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DP300</td>
<td>± 300</td>
<td>± 700</td>
<td>G</td>
<td>0.02 (0.05)</td>
<td>3X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Remark: G=Gas, L=Liquid, V=high pressure vapor*

Note: (1) Sealed gauge pressure for above 1,000 psi (2) 0.02% FS for gas media only  
(3)* One year accuracy (including yearly stability) except DP1 and DP2 range which is 0.05%FS calibration accuracy and 0.05%FS yearly stability.

- Negative pressure: (lower limit of measurement ~ 0), numeric area of lower limit of measurement: −1bar ~ 0bar.
- Compound pressure: (lower limit of measurement ~ upper limit of measurement), numeric area of lower limit of measurement: −1bar ~ 0bar. Numeric area of upper limit of measurement is: 0 ~ 6 bar...2,500bar.
- Instrument types: Standard and intrinsically safe.
- Pressure units: mmH₂O @ 4°C, mmHg @ 0°C, inH₂O @ 4°C, inHg @ 0°C, kgf/cm², psi, kPa, MPa, Pa, mbar and bar, customized pressure units.
- Over Pressure: when the measured value of pressure is greater than 120% FS, the entire screen will flash as an alarm.
- Measuring speed: the measuring speed can be customized. The default is 3 readings per second.
Temperature compensation: (-10~50)°C (guaranteed accuracy).
Storage temperature: -20°C ~ 70°C.
Display: FSTN LCD, white backlight, 5-digit display.
Battery life: 600 consecutive hours when the measuring speed is 3 times/s. See Table 11-1 for details. If the battery voltage is too low, the 681will automatically shut down prior to any accuracy degradation.
Power: 9V alkaline batteries (ANSI/NEDA 1604A or IEC 6LR61), battery type must be approved (see power instructions) for the intrinsically safe type and a 9V power adapter (GME G051T-090065-1 Input AC100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.2A, output DC9V, 0.65A) can also be used for the basic type.
Data logging (optional): The totaled record is 21,800, includes date and time, pressure and temperature. The logging interval range is from 1 second to 99,999 seconds, which can be set by user.
Rated power: 60mW.
Serial Communication: Baud rate: 2400/4800/9600, 8 data bits, 2 stop bits, Address: 1 ~ 112, Um=10VDC.
Exterior dimensions: gauge outfit φ 112mm X 35mm (4.41 x 1.38 in), total length 178mm (7.01 in).
Weight: 580g (1.28 lbs).
Pressure connection: 1/4” NPT or 1/4” BSP (can be customized as per user's requirement).
Additional functions: Temperature measurement: resolution ± 0.1°C.
Peak recording: the maximum and minimum pressure values recorded.
Pressure percentage indication: the current pressure measurement as a percentage of the gauges full scale.
Pressure fluctuation indication: the degree of fluctuation between two consecutive measured values of pressure.
Pressure alarm threshold indication: the permutation of 3 pointers indicating whether the current pressure is higher than the alarm threshold.
Remark: For optional data logging, the flashing icon “%” means data is being logged.

3. Instructions for use
✓ Provides battery under voltage indicator. If the ADT681IS automatically shuts down, please replace the battery.
Do not replace the battery in an area with hazardous explosives.

✔ Only use batteries that have passed Ex approval tests. The use of any other batteries will invalidate the Ex approval and may result in safety risks.

✔ Never open the instrument case, otherwise the Ex approval will be invalidated.

✔ It is strictly prohibited to connect RS232 communication cables in areas with explosives, Um=10VDC.

✔ Do not replace the components or casing, as such replacements may weaken the explosion-proof performance.

✔ When used in hazardous locations, the instrument case should be prevented from being impacted or falling.

✔ Do not position the equipment so that it is difficult to operate the disconnecting device.

✔ It is strictly prohibited to paste any non-metal labels larger than 400mm² on the instrument's casing.

Plug of the external power adaptor is used as disconnect device.

Please use wet cloth (with water) periodic cleaning and maintenance on the instrument.

If the instrument is not used for a long time, please remove the battery to save the battery life.

The equipment may not be covered under warranty if used in manner not specified by the manufacturer.

Prohibited for a long time outdoor use to avoid water or rain.

Avoid using the instrument over-pressure on a long-term basis to avoid damaging the pressure sensor.

Protective boot is not ATEX certified and should not be used in hazardous areas.

CSA MARKINGS:

✔ Reference to a specific installation document to indicate special conditions for safe use preventing installation in an area subject to mechanical impact.

✔ “WARNING: SUBSTITUTION OF COMPONENTS MY IMPAIR INTRINSIC SAFETY” and “AVERTISSEMENT: LA SUBSTITUTION DE COMPOSANTS PEUT COMPROMETTRE LA SÉCURITÉ INTRINSÈQUE”

✔ “WARNING: DO NOT CONNECT OR DISCONNECT THE RS232 COMMUNICATION CABLE IN A HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERE” and “AVERTISSEMENT: NE PAS BRANCHER OU DÉBRANCHER LE CÂBLE DE COMMUNICATION RS232 DANS UNE ATMOSPHERE DANGEREUSE”

✔ “WARNING: TO PREVENT IGNITION OF A HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERE, BATTERIES MUST ONLY BE CHANGED IN AN AREA KNOWN TO BE NONHAZARDOUS” and “AVERTISSEMENT: AFIN DE PRÉVENIR
L’INFLAMMATION D’ATMOSPHÈRES DANGEREUSES, NE CHANGER LES BATTERIES QUE DANS DES
\* EMPLACEMENTS DÉSIGNÉS NON DANGEREUX.”

“WARNING: USE ONLY TYPE GP 1604A, or PANASONIC 6LR61, 9 V BATTERIES” and

“AVERTISSEMENT - UTILISER UNIQUEMENT DES ACCUMULATEURS GP 1604A, or PANASONIC 6LR61, 9 V”

N.B: the mark “ ” is only for ADT681 (intrinsically safe version).

4. Basic structure

![Diagram of the basic structure of the device]

- Model
- Screen
- Buttons
- Range
- Sensor Cavity
- Male Thread Coupling
- Nameplate
- RS232 Serial Port
- Electricity Jack
- Fitting Bolt
- Back View (Basic type)
- Back View (Intrinsically Safe Type)
5. Keypad function

(1) Operating instruction

- **Power ON/OFF**
- **Analogue dial**: press quickly to select the % indication, swing (fluctuation) and low/high alarm.
  - press and hold to enter the set menu for adjusting the low and high alarms.

- **Peak value**: press quickly to switch the indication among max Peak, min Peak and quit Peak.
  - press and hold to enter the password menu or data logging menu (optional).

- **Backlight**: press quickly to turn on/off the backlight.
  - press and hold to select the backlight display time (ON, 20s and 30s), and release it after selecting.

- **Pressure units**: press quickly to switch the different pressure units.
  - press and hold to enter into the temperature display menu.

- **Zeroing**: press for zeroing function, press and hold for zeroing function (the absolute pressure).

(2) Data inputting introduction

1. **Cursor position**: (←), (→) Move the cursor position.

2. **Increase/decrease the value nearby cursor with 1 digital**: (↑), (↓)

3. **Confirm the input data**: (✓)

4. **Cancel the input data**: (ESC)
(3) Menu operation introductions

1. press and hold to enter the set menu or data logging menu (optional).
2. Use (↑) and (↓) to switch the menu items.
3. Press (✓) to select menu function.
4. Press (ESC) to exit the menu.

5. The coefficient input includes integral part and decimal part, for example: input the 4.0146

Adjust sign (+' and '-')
Adjust intergal

Remarke: If the symbol (HI LO) is flashing, please input “+” or “-”

6. Display function
The ADT681 screen definitions.

- **Battery icon**: the battery icon \[\begin{array}{c}
\text{ \Large \text{ Volt } } \\
\text{ \Large \text{ Volt } } \\
\end{array}\] indicates the battery voltage is higher than 7.8V.
  - The battery icon \[\begin{array}{c}
\text{ \Large \text{ Volt } } \\
\text{ \Large \text{ Volt } } \\
\end{array}\] indicates the battery voltage is between 7.8V and 7.3V.
  - The battery icon \[\begin{array}{c}
\text{ \Large \text{ Volt } } \\
\text{ \Large \text{ Volt } } \\
\end{array}\] indicates the battery voltage is between 7.3V and 6.7V.
  - The battery icon \[\begin{array}{c}
\text{ \Large \text{ Volt } } \\
\text{ \Large \text{ Volt } } \\
\end{array}\] indicates the battery voltage is below 6.7V. The battery should be replaced. If the battery voltage is lower than 6.5V, the ADT681 will power off automatically.

- **Pressure unit area**: Eleven common pressure units, and one customized pressure units (The ADT681 has 5 digit resolution based on the unit type selected at time of order).
◆ **Calibration icon:** the mark or symbol of the operating calibration.
◆ **Pressure peak:** the mark or symbol of the displaying peak value.
◆ **Higher limit:** the mark or symbol of the high limit pressure.
◆ **Lower limit:** the mark or symbol of the lower limit pressure.
◆ **Temperature unit:** °C.
◆ **Data display area:** displays all data or menu.
◆ **Analogue dial:** includes 3 types of indications: pressure % indication, pressure swing, overpressure alarm.
  
  The content of the area as follows:
  1. **% indication:** the current pressure percentage.
  2. **Pressure swing:** the indication of pressure fluctuation.
  3. **Overpressure alarm:** the alarm indication for overpressure (can be set of max/min limits).
  4. **Sector pointer area:** includes resolution of 51 bars or pointers.
  5. **Scale bar graph:** will vary depending on the analog dial selection.
  6. **Scale midpoint:** the middle position of the scale bar graph.
  7. For optional data logging the flashing icon “%” means the data is logging.

### 7. Basic operation

#### 7.1 Power on/off

Press and Hold [ ] about 3s to power on or off the instrument. All the segment of the LCD will display initially illuminate at the power up of the instrument (see Figure 7–1–1). The users can see if there is any damage of the LCD’s segment. Then, the LCD will display the software version (Figure 7–1–2) and pressure range (Figure 7–1–4). Lastly, it goes to home screen (Figure 7–1–5). For optional data logging version, there is one more screen between version
screen and pressure range screen (figure 7–1–3).

Figure 7–1–1: Power up screen
Figure 7–1–2: Version screen
Figure 7–1–3: data logging screen (optional)

Figure 7–1–4: Upper range screen
Figure 7–1–5: Home Screen

7.2 Pressure measure
When in any menu, pressing \( \text{\textcircled{}} \) returns to the home screen (Figure 7–3). The home screen content includes:

- Battery icon
- Pressure measure value
- Pressure units
- Analogue dial indication

Note: initially, these register values are set to the factory calibration values. If the pressure exceed 120% FS,
the whole screen will flash to alert the user. To prevent damage to the sensor, release the pressured immediately. When the alarm goes off, the measure speed of the ADT681 automatically changes to 10 times per sec in order to catch up the pressure change. When the alarm stops, the speed will go back to normal.

7.3 Zeroing
(1) Gauge sensor types:
   To zero the ADT681 press the zero key. Before zeroing the ADT681, the current pressure should be in the range of –2% ~ 2% FS. Figure 7–3–1 shows the zeroing sequence of gauge pressure.

![Figure 7–3–1: The zeroing process of the ADT681](image)

(2) Absolute sensor types:
   ① When the ADT681 is connected to atmosphere, the user should know the current atmosphere pressure value (Pstandard).
   ② The actual pressure of ADT681 is (Pmeasure).
   ③ Press and hold zero to enter the data input state, then input the actual pressure (Pstandard).
4. In the pressure measure menu, the measured pressure will change to (Pstandard) which is the same as the atmosphere pressure value. Now the zeroing process is finished. Figure 7–3–2 shows the zeroing sequence for absolute pressure of the ADT681.

1. Contact with atmosphere.
   Measured pressure of the ADT681 is 100.02kPa.
   Actual atmosphere pressure is 100.00kPa.

2. The first digit will flashing for data inputting.

3. Input the actual atmosphere value of 100.00kPa.

4. In the menu of pressure measure, the measured value of the ADT681 is 100.00kPa.

Figure 7–3–2: Zeroing process of absolute pressure

Note:  A. When selecting the third item 3.CLF in the MENU OPTION you can cancel the zeroing operation.
   B. Make sure the gauge is upright while zeroing.
7.4 Pressure units

Press **units** to view and select among the pressure units. The order is Pa, kPa, Mpa, customized unit, kgf/cm², inH₂O, mmH₂O, inHg, mmHg, psi, mbar, bar. The conversion relation of all pressure units is as following table 7–4–1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Pa</th>
<th>kPa</th>
<th>kgf/cm²</th>
<th>inH₂O</th>
<th>mmH₂O</th>
<th>inHg</th>
<th>mmHg</th>
<th>psi</th>
<th>mbar</th>
<th>bar</th>
<th>MPa</th>
<th>C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1000</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0.010197</td>
<td>4.01463</td>
<td>101.97162</td>
<td>0.2953</td>
<td>7.50062</td>
<td>0.1450377</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.001</td>
<td>customized unit</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 7–4–1: Pressure units’ conversion relation

**Note:** in order to avoid readings that are too long or too short for the units parameters, be sure to select pressure units that are compatible with the ADT681.

Figure 7–4 shows the methods to switch the different pressure units.

![Figure 7–4: Switching method](image-url)
7.5 Peak detection

(1) The ADT681 will automatically record the max/min pressure values.
Press \( \text{peak} \) to view them.
\( \text{F} \) ——— Shows max pressure.
\( \text{L} \) ——— Shows min pressure.
Press \( \text{peak} \) and the gauge will return to the measure menu. The max/min pressure values will be automatically recorded.

(2) To reset the peak values.
Press \( \text{peak} \) to enter the peak value menu, press \( \text{zero} \) to clear peak value.
Figure 7–5 shows the display of the peak values.

![Figure 7–5: Display peak value](image)
7.6 Backlight
Press \( \text{灯泡} \) to power on/off the backlight. The selectable times are ON, 20 seconds and 30 seconds. The selection method is as follows:

(1) Press \( \text{灯泡} \) and hold to display and select among the following options.

![Figure 7-6: Backlight auto power off options](image)

(2) Press \( \text{灯泡} \) and hold to select auto power off time setting (ON, 20, 30), then release when the desired option appears.

7.7 Analog dial
Includes three indications: % of pressure indication, pressure swing and overpressure alarm. Press \( \text{打印机} \) to switch from one to the other.

The analogue dial includes:
- Percentage of pressure (%)
- Pressure swing
- Overpressure alarm
- Sector pointer area
- Scale bar graph
- Scale midpoint
- For optional data logging the flashing icon “%” means the data is logging.
7.7.1 Percent pressure

◆ % indicator: shows the current pressure percentage.
◆ Sector pointer area: shows the pressure ranges and the trend of pressure changes in a fan-shaped pattern.

Note: the differential pressure, gauge pressure, absolute pressure, Compound pressure types have different displays.
◆ Scale bar graph: 0%~100%, the minimum scale is 2%.
◆ Scale midpoint: point to 50%.

Example: for the ADT681 with (0~100) kPa, if the current pressure value is 50kPa, the % indicator is 50%, as figure 7–7–1.

7.7.2 Pressure swing

◆ Pressure swing icon: indicates the pressure fluctuation.
◆ Sector pointer area: uses one pointer to show the fluctuation degree of two adjacent separate pressure values.
◆ Scale bar graph: range is (−0.25%~0.25%) FS, the min scale is 0.01%FS.
◆ Scale midpoint: point to 0.00%FS position

Example: for the ADT681 with (0~100) kPa, if the current pressure reading is 50.01kPa and the previous pressure was 50.11kPa, the fluctuation degree for 2 separate pressures is − 0.1%FS, as figure 7–7–2 shows.

7.7.3 Overpressure alarm

◆ Overpressure alarm icon: indicates an overpressure condition.
◆ Sector pointer area: two pointers to show the high/low alarm limit pressure percentage, the 3rd pointer shows the current pressure percentage.
◆ Scale bar graph: (0%~100%) FS, minimum scale is 2%FS.
◆ Scale midpoint: point to 50%.

**Example:** for the ADT681 (pressure range 0–100kPa), if the current pressure reading is 50.00kPa (50%FS) and the higher limit is 80kPa (80%FS) and the lower limit is 40kPa (40%FS), the analogue dial will show as figure 7–7–3.

![Figure 7–7–3: Overpressure Alarm](image)

When the current pressure is beyond the range of the high/low limit, the whole screen will flash to warn the user to adjust the pressure. Meanwhile, in order to catch up to the pressure change, the measure speed will automatically adjust to ten times per second. Once the alarm is over, the display will go back to normal speed.

**7.7.4 Setting alarm limit**

To set the alarm limit:

1. Press and hold ![display the higher limit](image) and the lower limit ![then move the cursor up or down by pressing](image) or ![ Beacons ](image).
(2) Press \textit{units} or \textit{zero} to access the alarm adjust status, then when \textit{▲} is displayed, the higher pressure limit can be set, when \textit{▼} is displayed, the lower pressure limit can be set. After these steps are completed, press \textit{◄} to select negative (–) or positive (+) values.

(3) After the high limit is adjusted, the menu will automatically enter the lower limit and then return to the normal screen. The sequence is: High limit, Low limit, Quit.

(4) The ADT681 automatically checks the validity of the input data. If there is a problem or if the data input is not valid, the ADT681 will not accept the change. Figure 7–7–4 shows the setting menu.

![Setting menu](image1)

**Figure 7–7–4:** The setting menu of the high or limit and the lower limit

![Temperature measure menu](image2)

**Figure 7–8:** Temperature measure menu

### 7.8 Temperature measure

Press \textit{units} and hold to enter the temperature measure menu, press \textit{units} again to go back to the pressure measure menu. The temperature measure range is –30°C ~ 90°C, the minimum resolution is ±0.1°C.

Figure 7–8 shows the temperature measure menu.
7.9 Data logging (optional)

7.9.1 Save menu

Press and hold the button to enter into the data logging menu. The screen shows

**I DL09** (data logging) and **SET** (set menu), please select the **I DL09**.

(1) **I FF C**: 1. Display the date and time. 2. Set up the date and time.
(2) **2CPR**: Memory capacity status.
(3) **3SEND**: Upload data.
(4) **4DEL**: Delete all data, the password is “211”.
(5) **5IAP**: Logging interval (00001s–99999s).
(6) **6OFF**: “on” means to start data logging, and “off” means to stop the data logging.

Remark: when capacity is full, please delete all data for logging new data.

7.9.2 To log data

(1) Set up the date and time          (2) Set up the logging interval          (3) Start to log

Examples: Automatic storage, the interval is 1 second:

① Set up the actual date and time (No. **I FF C**)
② Select the gap menu option (No. **5IAP**) and set up the logging interval as 00001S.
③ Change the logging status to "on" (No. **6OFF**)
④ Return to main menu. The % icon should be flashing to indicated data logging is active.
⑤ Except for the **peak** button, all other buttons are locked.
The data can be sent by Additel/Land software.

Remark: While the Additel 681 is sending data, it will stop logging.

Press “del” in the data logging menu to delete all data, the password is 211.

7.9.3 Export data via Additel/Land software.

(available for free download at http://www.additel.com/products/Software/)

(1) Connect the Additel 681 with computer, run Additel/Land software.
(2) Click the button “Scan”, you will see the picture below.
(3) After clicking the Additel 681, the next window will appear as below.
(4) Click the “Refresh” button to send data from Additel 681 to software.
(5) Click the “Export” button to send the data with EXCEL format.

(6) Press the “delete” button to delete all data

7.10 Factory Menu

681 without data logging:

Note: Please consult Additel Corporation before making any adjustments to the factory menu.

(1) Press and hold the button to enter into the set menu (password).

(2) Input password “724”.

Shown in Figure 7–10–1

Figure 8–1–1: Enter the password menu

Figure 7–10–1: Factory Menu in 681 without data logging
**681 with data logging:**

Press and hold the peak button to enter into the data logging menu. The screen shows **IdLOG** (data logging) and **2SET** (set menu), please select the **2SET**, with password “724”.

Shown in Figure 7–10–2

![Diagram showing data logging and setup process](image)

Figure 7–10–2: Factory Menu in 681 with data logging

(1) Firmware version number, can not be changed

![Firmware version display](image)

(2) Zero function, settable as non–absolute/absolute sensor

![Zero function display](image)

Non–absolute sensor  Absolute sensor
(3) Select pressure sensor power supply type

Constant current

Constant voltage

(4) Select pressure sensor power mode: High / Low

High power mode

Low power mode

8. Menu operation
8.1 Enter the Menu
(1) Press and hold the peak button enter into the set menu (password), as shown in Figure 8–1–1.
(2) Input password “211”.

Remark: For Additel 681 with data logging, Press and hold the peak button to enter into the data logging menu. The screen shows "dl09" (data logging, see more details in 7.9) and "set" (set menu)

Note: if the password is wrong, the menu will return to the previous menu.
8.2 Menu option

There are 12 options, as shown in Figure 8–2–1.

```
ICAL  4-ATE  7bAUD  10.COE
2C-0  5FLT  18AOFF  11.ETA
3CLF  6Add  9b ITS  12.SPC
```

Figure 8–2–1: 12 menu options

Details as below:

(1) **ICAL**  To enter into the calibration menu. The calibration can only be carried out in pressure gauge mode.
(2) **2C-1**  A new calibration has been performed outside of the factory calibration.
**2C-0**  Restore to most recent factory calibration.

Caution: If you change this setting from C–1 to C–0, the any recent calibration will be lost and the unit will be restored to the last factory calibration.

(3) **3CLF**  cancels the previous zeroing operation.
(4) **4-ATE**  sets measure speed.
(5) **5FLT**  sets filtering effectively.
(6) **6Add**  sets the address of RS232.
(7) **7bAUD**  sets the baud rate of Rs232.
(8) **8AOFF**  set automatic shutdown timer time.
(9) **9b ITS**  sets 4 or 5 digit display.
(10) **10.COE**  set custom unit factor.
(11) 11.TAF  set tare function.
(12) 12.SPC  set single—point calibration.

8.3 Enter/cancel the calibration

ICAL enters the calibration.

2C — I cancels the calibration.

8.4 To cancel the previous zeroing

3CLF cancels the previous zeroing operation.

8.5 To set measure speed
Select 4 RATE to enter the selection menu of the measure speed as follows:

CON (10 times/1 sec)  1—3 (3 times/1 sec)  1—2 (2 times/1 sec)  1—1 (1 times/1 sec)  2—1 (1 times/2 sec)
3—1 (1 times/3 sec)  4—1 (1 times/4 sec)  5—1 (1 times/5 sec)  6—1 (1 times/6 sec)  7—1 (1 times/7 sec)
8—1 (1 times/8 sec)  9—1 (1 times/9 sec)  10—1 (1 times/10 sec)

The factory default is 1—3 (3 times/1 sec).

8.6 To set filtering effectively

Select 5FLT I for "filtering is valid", 5FLT 0 for "filtering is invalid".

8.7 Set RS232 address

Select 6ADDR to set the RS232 address from the range 1 to 112. The factory default is 1.

8.8 To set the RS232 baud rate

Select 6BAUD to set the RS232 baud rate from the options of 2400 and 4800 and 9600. The factory default is 9600.
8.9 To set the automatic shutdown
Select **8ROFF**, sets the automatic shutdown function. (1/5/10/15/30/45/60/90/120 minutes and off function can be set)

8.10 To set the 4 or 5 digit display
Select **9b 1E5** to change the 4 or 5 digit display.

8.11 Set custom unit factor
Select **10.COE**, sets the coefficient of customized pressure units. In the other words, user can customize a pressure unit by setting a conversion ratio based on pressure unit “kPa”. This ratio’s range is from 0.0001 to 99999, but only shows 5 digits.

For example: The coefficient is 1000 as coefficient, the display pressure value is equal with the pressure with unit “Pa”. The symbol of customized pressure unit is “M”. The conversion format: 1kPa = coefficient x M. Default coefficient of customized pressure unit is inH2O @ 20°C.

8.12 Set tare function
Select **11.TAF**, sets a pressure as new reference zero (the pressure unit should be kept the same as main menu).

8.13 Set single-point calibration
Select **12.SPC**, sets single point calibration.

(1) Pressure zeroing
(2) Set one non-zero pressure point, records the display pressure readings.
(3) Calculate the adjustment ratio accordingly and set it in the Additel 681.

Example: Set 1.65kPa standard pressure, but the display pressure reading is 1.5kPa. In order to correct the display
pressure readings, you should make an adjustment ratio \( q = \frac{1.65}{1.5} = 1.1 \). After input the ratio 1.1, all readings will be multiplied 1.1. Therefore, if you set 1.65KPa again, the display reading is 1.650 \( (1.500 \times 1.1 = 1.650) \)

Remark: the adjustment ratio range is 0.0001 ~ 9.9999

9. Calibration function

It is recommended that the ADT681 be calibrated once per year by a trained professional. For best results before calibration, the ADT681 should be exercised to full scale three times. If there is an error during the process then use the cancellation function.

**Note:** all calibration must take place in stable ambient laboratory conditions.

9.1 Calibration conditions

(1) Environment: temperature: \( 22^\circ C \pm 3^\circ C \), relative humidity: (45~75) %, atmosphere pressure: (86~106) kPa.

(2) Standard pressure source. Example: Dead weight tester or Additel 9XX series pressure pumps.

(3) High precision reference standard.

9.2 Calibration process

Select Menu to enter the calibration menu. There are two different pressure gauges (Calibration can only be carried out in pressure gauge mode):

(1) Single scale gauge: to calibrate, first set the "low", then pressurize to set the "high".

(2) Dual scale gauge: first set the lower limit, then zero, then set the higher limit.

The calibration point can be modified if it meets the following conditions:

(1) The pressure value of the 1" point is lower than the 2" point.

(2) The pressure value of the 2" point value is lower than the 3" point.
Example: the ADT681 with (0~100) kPa.

1) Select [CAL] and press [ zero ] to display the calibration value of lower limit, as the figure 9–2–1. If the user needs to modify the pressure value of the low limit point then input the desired value. Otherwise, press [ zero ] to confirm.

2) To calibrate the lower limit point: press [ zero ] to confirm till the actual pressure value is stable. As in Figure 9–2–2.

3) Display higher limit point: as in Figure 9–2–3, input the desired data if the user needs to modify the calibration value. Otherwise, press [ zero ] to confirm.

4) To calibrate the higher limit point: press [ zero ] until the actual pressure value is stable. As in Figure 9–2–4.
(5) When the screen returns to the calibration menu, the 2nd option will change to \( 2C - I \). This shows the calibration is complete.

**Note:** three-point pressure calibration is similar to the two-point. The only difference is that the icons will display \( \text{LO HI} \) while the zero is calibrated.

9.3 Cancel calibration

Select \( 2C - I \) and push \( \text{zero} \) to cancel the calibration, then the screen will display \( 2C - 0 \).

10. **Power supply description**

The ADT681 has two power sources: a 9V alkaline battery (ANSI/NEDA 1604A or IEC 6LR61) or special DC9V adapter.

(1) Standard type:
(2) Intrinsically safe type:

Figure 10-2-1: Battery installation diagram
**Warning:**

◆ Replace the battery if the ADT681 powers off automatically.

✔ Remove the ADT681 from the Ex–hazardous area before opening the battery door.

✔ Use only the battery types listed in the Approved Battery Table.

◆ When replacing the battery, make sure positive and negative are in the right direction.

**Approved Batteries:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Battery</th>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alkaline, 9 volt</td>
<td>Panasonic</td>
<td>6LR61 9V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkaline, 9 volt</td>
<td>GP</td>
<td>1604A 9V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkaline, 9 volt</td>
<td>Nanfu</td>
<td>6LR61 9V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkaline, 9 volt</td>
<td>Energizer</td>
<td>6LR61 9V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alkaline, 9 volt</td>
<td>DURACELL</td>
<td>6LR61 9V</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11. **Measure speed and Working time**

1. In high power mode, working time is 320 hours, not related to measure speed.

2. In low power mode, working time is:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure speed</th>
<th>10times/1sec</th>
<th>3times/1sec</th>
<th>2times/1sec</th>
<th>1time/1sec</th>
<th>1time/2sec</th>
<th>1time/3sec</th>
<th>1time/4sec</th>
<th>1time/5sec~1time/7sec</th>
<th>1time/8sec~1time/10sec</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Battery life</td>
<td>300hours</td>
<td>600hours</td>
<td>800hours</td>
<td>1250hours</td>
<td>1750hours</td>
<td>2500hours</td>
<td>3000hours</td>
<td>3600hours</td>
<td>4000hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table11-1
12. **Accessories**

(1) Warranty 1pc
(2) User's Manual 1pc
(3) Adapter 9812–X 1pc (optional)
(4) Pressure test report 1pc
(5) Traceable certificate of calibration 1pc (optional)

13. **Contact us**

The product specifications and other information contained this manual are subject to change without notice.

*Additel Corporation has made a concerted effort to provide complete and current information for the proper use of the equipment.*

If there are questions, contact Additel Corporation:

Additel Corporation
2900 Saturn Street #B
Brea, CA 92821, USA
Phone: 714–998–6899
Email: service@additel.com
website: www.additel.com
Appendix I: Communication protocols

1. Instructions format

1.1 PC machine's send format
   A: X: Knnnn: C0: C1: C2: C3: C4+ Eos (End of symbol)
   A: 1 byte, the communication address of ADT681
   X: 1 byte, only for W (write) or R (read)
   K: 1 byte, M (for measure operation), F (for file operation), O (other operation)
   nnnnn: 2–5 bytes, the item operated by K instruction
   C0:C1:C2:C3:C4: Parameter, refer the specified instruction introduction
   Eos: 0x0(Hex)

1.2 Return format of the ADT681
   A: X: Knnnn: C0: C1: C2: C3: C4+Eos, hereinto:
   A: Communication address of the ADT681
   X: E or F, E: error information of this frame data. F: feedback information.
   Knnnn: It is same as the instructions from upper machine
   C0, C1, C2, C3, C4: Feedback data or error information or ok
   Eos: 0x0(Hex)

1.3 Error information code instruction
   1000: Receive the overflow from buffer zone.
   1001: The user cannot perform this task
   1004: Irregular code has been entered
   1005: The pressure unit is unavailable
1007: The parameter settings are irregular
1016: The current data is not the range of zeroing
1017: The number of parameters entered does not meet the parameter settings
1018: This instruction is non-existent
1019: The length of the operation code is too long
1020: The r/w of instruction is wrong
1024: The setting of pressure unit is irregular
1025: The serial port's address code is too long
1026: The baud rate is wrong
1029: Some parameter codes are too long

1.4 The series port's communication collocation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Communication Address</th>
<th>Baud rate</th>
<th>Data length</th>
<th>Stop bit</th>
<th>Parity bit</th>
<th>Flow control</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 ~ 112</td>
<td>2400</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4800</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9600</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The protocol supports two types of address format as following:

1. 1-byte address, the address is a hexadecimal. Example:
   [0x01]: R: MRMD: [terminator], the terminator is 0x00, 0x0a or 0x0d;

2. 3-byte address, the address is a string. Example:
   [001]: R: MRMD: [terminator], the terminator is 0x00, 0x0a or 0x0d;
   [255]: R: MRMD: [terminator], '255' is a universal address. It will be work whatever the calibrator's address is.
2. Instructions details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instructions</th>
<th>Function Introduction</th>
<th>Right return value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>Knmnn</td>
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<td>OVER</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>OTYPE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>OCODE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>OPRDA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OBLAC</td>
<td>0 (close) 1 (open)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OBLAT</td>
<td>0/20/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OKEY</td>
<td>0 (close) 1 (open)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>OBATV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>ORAN</td>
<td></td>
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<td>MRMD</td>
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</tr>
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<td>Unit shortening</td>
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<td>OADDR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OADDR</td>
<td>Address</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OBAUD</td>
<td>Baud rate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OFALT</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Instructions</td>
<td>Function Introduction</td>
<td>Right return value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A X</td>
<td>Knnnn</td>
<td>C0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OFRUN</td>
<td>0(stop)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OFTIM</td>
<td>interval</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>OFSTA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OFDEL</td>
<td>211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OFSAP</td>
<td>0(stop)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>ORTC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>ORTC</td>
<td>yymmddhhmmss</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OCPS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OCP</td>
<td>Z (zero)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>OCPOK</td>
<td>1(save)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>ALARM</td>
<td>High limit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>ALARM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>MRATE</td>
<td>D0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>MRATE</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>ODIAL</td>
<td>0(%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>W</td>
<td>ORPP</td>
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</table>
3. Pressure units abbreviations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Shortening</th>
<th>KGF</th>
<th>INH2O</th>
<th>H2O</th>
<th>INHG</th>
<th>HG</th>
<th>PSI</th>
<th>MBAR</th>
<th>BAR</th>
<th>PA</th>
<th>KPA</th>
<th>MPA</th>
<th>C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Standard</td>
<td>kgf/cm²</td>
<td>inH₂O</td>
<td>mmH₂O</td>
<td>inHg</td>
<td>mmHg</td>
<td>psi</td>
<td>mbar</td>
<td>bar</td>
<td>Pa</td>
<td>kPa</td>
<td>MPa</td>
<td>customized units</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. Pressure units code

The data read by QUINF are algorithms (binary scale), check the selected pressure units after the hexadecimal date is changed.

2 bytes. The selectable pressure code is represented by 2 bytes. 1 (this unit is available), 0 (this unit is unavailable).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>kgf/cm²</th>
<th>inH₂O</th>
<th>mmH₂O</th>
<th>inHg</th>
<th>mmHg</th>
<th>psi</th>
<th>mbar</th>
<th>bar</th>
<th>Pa</th>
<th>kPa</th>
<th>MPa</th>
<th>C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSB–10</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>LSB–0</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5. Data automatically transmit format

Total data length is 16 bytes, plus an end symbol after the data. Example: *P 0.0364 MPA.